

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/770,994	01/25/2001	Trung M. Tran	5181-78600	7544
7590 07/27/2006			EXAMINER	
B. Noel Kivlin			DALENCOURT, YVES	
Conley, Rose & Tayon, P.C. P. O. Box 398			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	Austin, TX 78767-0398			
			DATE MAILED: 07/27/2000	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary							
		09/770,994	TRAN, TRUNG M.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	The MAN INC DATE - SALi-	Yves Dalencourt	2157				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATES as a soint of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. It period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMM 36(a). In no event, however, r will apply and will expire SIX (6 cause the application to become	IUNICATION. nay a reply be timely filed NONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. THE ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 25 Ap	oril 2006					
	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.						
•	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	on of Claims						
	 ✓ Claim(s) 1-6,8,9,18-25,33-41,48,50 and 51 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 						
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
	∑ Claim(s) <u>1-6, 8-9, 18-25, 33-41, 48, 50, and 51</u> is/are rejected.						
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)[Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Applicati	on Papers						
	•	•					
9)∐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:							
/.	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* S	ee the attached detailed Office action for a list of	of the certified copies	not received.				
			Dalewood Prinny Examiner				
Attachment	(5)		Painer Examiner				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)							
2) 🔲 Notica	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Pape	r No(s)/Mail Date				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 6) Other:							
· · · ·							

DETAILED ACTION

This office action is responsive to amendment filed on 04/25/06.

Response to Amendment

The examiner has acknowledged the amended claims 1, 18, 33, 36, 38, 48, and the cancellation of claims 7, 10 - 17, 22, 26 - 32, 42 - 47, and 49.

Response to Applicant's Declaration filed Under 37 C.F.R. 1.131

1. The Declaration filed on 04/25/2006 under 37 CFR 1.131 has been considered but is ineffective to overcome the 35 U.S.C. 102 (e) and 103(a) rejections using Hendriks (U.S. Patent Application 2002/0087621) reference.

Diligence/Conception

The evidence submitted is sufficient to establish diligence from a date prior to the date of reduction to practice of the Hendricks reference to either a constructive reduction to practice or an actual reduction to practice. However, such evidence is **insufficient to establish a conception** of the invention prior to the effective date of the Hendricks reference. While conception is the mental part of the inventive act, it must be capable of proof, such as by demonstrative evidence or by a complete disclosure to another. Conception is more than a vague idea of how to solve a problem. The requisite means themselves and their interaction must also be comprehended. See *Mergenthaler v. Scudder*, 1897 C.D. 724, 81 O.G. 1417 (D.C. Cir. 1897).

Application/Control Number: 09/770,994

Art Unit: 2157

Page 3

In submission of an affidavit or declaration Applicant must remember that such affidavit or declaration must clearly state FACTS and produce such documentary evidence and exhibits in support thereof as are available to show conception and completion of invention in this country or in a NAFTA or WTO member country (MPEP § 715.07(c)), at least the conception being at a date prior to the effective date of the reference. As stated within, 37 CFR 1.131(b) provides three ways in which an applicant can establish prior invention of the claimed subject matter. The showing of facts must be sufficient to show: (A) reduction to practice of the invention prior to the effective date of the reference; or (B) conception of the invention prior to the effective date of the reference coupled with due diligence from prior to the reference date to a subsequent (actual) reduction to practice; or (C) conception of the invention prior to the effective date of the reference coupled with due diligence from prior to the reference date to the filing date of the application (constructive reduction to practice).

After further analysis of the submitted documentation, Applicant has not shown a complete disclosure of the invention in Exhibit C. In fact, Applicant has presented an image of a screen shot which does not show enough evidence as to the conception of the invention.

Therefore, the rejection is sustained and maintained as follows:

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

Art Unit: 2157

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1 - 6, 18 – 21, and 48 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Alexander James Hendriks (US 2002/0087621; hereinafter Hendriks).

Regarding claims 1 - 2, 4, 18, and 48, Hendriks teaches a client computer system, a memory medium, and a method for connection to a server computer system via a network (fig. 1), the client computer system comprising a processor; a memory coupled to the processor (paragraph [0018]); wherein the processor of the client computer system is operable to execute program instructions stored in the memory to receive user input from a user specifying bookmark information, wherein the bookmark information specifies a uniform resource locator (URL) (paragraph [0022]); determine whether the user wants to store the bookmark information locally or remotely (paragraph [0026], lines 4-7); store the bookmark information locally if the user wants to store the bookmark information locally (paragraph [0026], lines 8 - 12); and if the user wants to store the bookmark information remotely: receive user authentication information from the user; communicate with the server computer system to authenticate the user for storing the bookmark information to the server, using the user authentication information (paragraph [0026], lines 12 - 21); send the bookmark information for storage in association with the user by the server computer system (paragraph [0026], lines 21 - 25).

Art Unit: 2157

Regarding claim 3, Hendriks teaches the client computer system of claim 1, wherein the processor of the client computer system is further operable to execute program instructions stored in the memory to retrieve the bookmark information from the server computer system, subsequently to said sending the bookmark information to the server computer system (paragraph [0027], lines 1 - 13).

Regarding claim 5, Hendriks teaches the client computer system and method of claim 1, wherein the software application executing in the client computer system is operable to enable a user to access the retrieved bookmark information via a graphical user interface of the software application (paragraph [0021], lines 1 - 8).

Regarding claims 6 and 21 Hendriks teaches the client computer system and method of claims 1 and 20, wherein said enabling the user to access the bookmark information via a graphical user interface comprises enabling the user to access the bookmark information via a menu (paragraph [0021], lines 1 - 8).

Regarding claims 19 and 20, Hendriks teaches the client computer system of claim 18, wherein said receiving the user input specifying the bookmark information and said sending the bookmark information for storage by the server computer system are performed by a first computer system, the method further comprising a second computer system retrieving the bookmark information from the server computer system (paragraph [0021], lines 8 - 18).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 8 - 9, 23 - 25, and 50 – 51 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Alexander James Hendriks (US 2002/0087621; hereinafter Hendriks) in view of De Greef et al (US 6,549,217; hereinafter De Greef).

Regarding claims 8 - 9, 23 - 25, and 50 - 51, Hendriks teaches substantially all the limitations in claims 1, 10, 18, and 48, but fails to specifically teach that said communicating with the server computer system to authenticate the user is performed using the Lightweight Directory Access Protocol; and wherein said sending the bookmark information for storage by the server computer system is performed using the Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) (LDAP).

However, De Greef teaches, in the same field of endeavor, a system and method for computer system management using bookmarks, wherein said communicating with the server computer system to authenticate the user is performed using the Lightweight Directory Access Protocol; and wherein said sending the bookmark information for storage by the server computer system is performed using the Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) (LDAP) (col. 16, lines 32 - 47).

Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of Hendriks by using a Lightweight

Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) (LDAP) to allow communication with the server computer system to authenticate the user, and to send the bookmark information for storage by the server computer as evidenced by De Greef for the purpose of accessing by a simple reference user's bookmarks anywhere that the directory server can be accessed, thereby providing a convenient and user friendly bookmarking system.

Page 7

Regarding claim 25, Hendriks teaches substantially all the limitations in claim 18, but fails to specifically teach that in storing the bookmark information, the server computer system is operable to add the bookmark information to existing bookmark information that is already stored for the user.

However, De Greef teaches, in the same field of endeavor, a system and method for computer system management using bookmarks, wherein in storing the bookmark information, the server computer system is operable to add the bookmark information to existing bookmark information that is already stored for the user (col. 7, lines 12 – 34).

Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of Hendriks by incorporating a server computer system that is operable to add the bookmark information to existing bookmark information that is already stored for the user as evidenced by De Greef for the purpose of providing a convenient and user friendly bookmarking system

Claims 33 - 41 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Alexander James Hendriks (US 2002/0087621; hereinafter Hendriks) in view of Mendelevitch et al (EP 1030247 A2; hereinafter Mendelevitch).

Art Unit: 2157

Regarding claims 33 - 41, Hendriks teaches a method for sharing bookmark information among different computer systems (fig. 1), the method comprising a first computer system receiving user input specifying bookmark information), wherein the bookmark information specifies a uniform resource locator (URL)(col. 3, lines 8 – 15 and lines 64 - 66); the first computer system communicating with a server computer system in order to store the bookmark information on the server computer system (col. 3, lines 15 – 30 and col. 3, line 66 through col. 4, line 2).

Hendriks teaches substantially all the limitations, but fails to specifically teach a second computer system communicating with the server computer system in order to retrieve the stored bookmark information; and receiving information from a first computer that specifies a particular user and stores the bookmark information in association with the particular user, and a request for the bookmark information from the second client computer system that specifies the same particular user.

However, Mendelevitch et al (EP 1030247 A2) teaches, in the same field of endeavor, a system and method for sharing bookmark information, which discloses a second computer system communicating with the server computer system in order to retrieve the stored bookmark information; and receiving information from a first computer that specifies a particular user and stores the bookmark information in association with the particular user, and a request for the bookmark information from the second client computer system that specifies the same particular user (paragraph. 0005, 0026 – 0028, and 0031 – 0035).

Application/Control Number: 09/770,994

Art Unit: 2157

Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Hendriks's device by incorporating a second computer system communicating with the server computer system in order to retrieve the stored bookmark information; and receiving information from a first computer that specifies a particular user and stores the bookmark information in association with the particular user, and a request for the bookmark information from the second client computer system that specifies the same particular user as evidenced by Mendelevitch et al (EP 1030247 A2) for the purpose of avoiding transmission delays for the bookmark information, especially when available bandwidth between client(s) and server is low during periods of peak usage; thereby providing an efficient and reliable client/server system.

Conclusion

2. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

Application/Control Number: 09/770,994 Page 10

Art Unit: 2157

the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later

than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Contact Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Yves Dalencourt whose telephone number is (571) 272-

3998. The examiner can normally be reached on M-TH 7:30AM - 6: 00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Ario Etienne can be reached on (571) 272-4001. The fax phone number for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for

published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR.

Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only.

For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should

you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a

USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information

system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.